# **INIPETRUS ADVISERS**



# **Outline**



- I. Executive Summary
- II. Credito Valtellinese: A Strong Bank On Its Own
- III. Value Components of Credito Valtellinese

Appendix



**Executive Summary** 

# **Executive Summary**



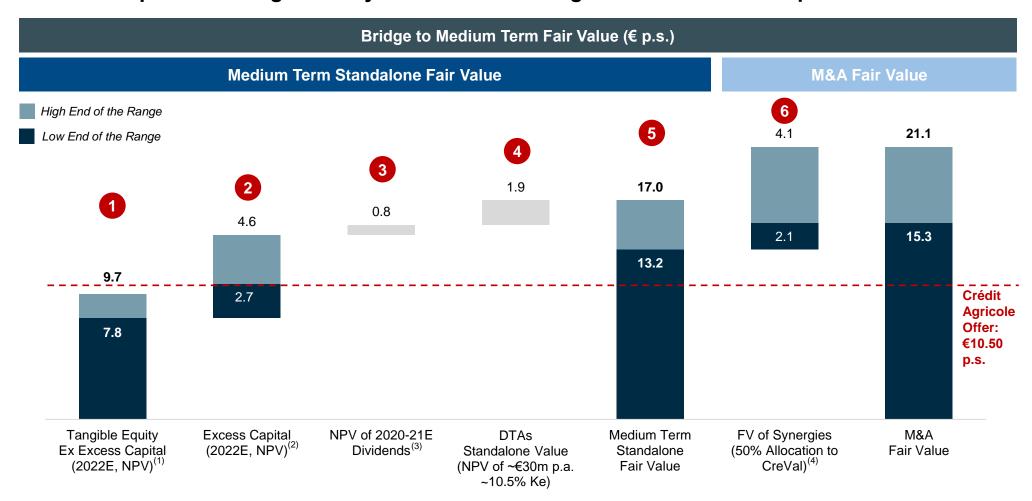
- Petrus Advisers have been shareholders of Credito Valtellinese for a long period, having recently crossed the 3% threshold. We are attracted by its
  quality leadership and are interested in the bank beyond the current Crédit Agricole bid, as CreVal has one of the most attractive investment
  propositions among Italian peers
- The current management team has done a tremendous job and today Credito Valtellinese's asset quality and capital ratios are best-in-class, while the bank is well on track to achieve the strategic targets set out in its 2019-2023 business plan, despite the Covid-19 pandemic
  - Credito Valtellinese has a clear and realistic business plan with ambitious targets to achieve an RoE of ~6% in 2021 and >8% in 2023, while the bank has already met 3 years ahead of schedule its CET1 ratio, gross NPE exposure and cost saving targets
- We believe that the €10.50 p.s. unsolicited offer announced by Crédit Agricole is a clear sign of appreciation for the bank and its management team.
   However, we continue to believe that the offer terms are inadequate and fall short of recognizing the fair value of the bank to shareholders
- Petrus Advisers see a medium-term fair value of Credito Valtellinese on a standalone basis of ~€13.2-17.0 p.s. and a fair M&A value of ~€15.3-21.1 p.s.
- In particular, Crédit Agricole's offer does not take into account the incremental value unlocked by the deferred tax assets (DTAs) conversion scheme recently approved by the Italian government. Credito Valtellinese's off-balance sheet DTAs are worth ~€2.1 p.s. or ~20% of the offer price alone in an M&A scenario. More importantly, the DTAs could also be gradually released by the bank on a standalone basis at a rate of ~€30m p.a., resulting in ~€1.9 p.s. of incremental value on a standalone basis
- Additionally, research analysts estimate run-rate synergies from a potential combination with Crédit Agricole Italia of ~€100m pre-tax on average, while Crédit Agricole themselves even communicated ~€150m of synergies potential. We believe that synergies are worth ~€2.1-4.1 p.s. based on a ~€75-150m range of pre-tax synergies p.a. and assuming a 50% allocation of the post-tax NPV to Credito Valtellinese's shareholders
- Since the offer was announced, the recent compression in Italian government bond yields has also been benefitting the entire banking sector and
  contributed to a rally of most Italian banks. Credito Valtellinese would trade ~13% above the undisturbed price and close to ~€10 p.s., assuming a share
  price performance in line with peers
- We believe that consolidation among banks can create significant value for shareholders as well as for the Italian banking system at large. However, we
  are disinterested in Crédit Agricole's attempt to gain control of Credito Valtellinese without paying a control premium and recognizing a fair share of the
  M&A value creation to Credito Valtellinese's shareholders

Credito Valtellinese is an extremely solid bank with a bright future ahead. Petrus Advisers will not tender their shares at €10.50 p.s. and recommend that other shareholders not tender either

# A Deal Too Good to Be True for Crédit Agricole

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Petrus Advisers see a medium-term standalone fair value at ~€13.2-17.0 p.s. and an M&A value of ~€15.3-21.1 p.s. – both significantly above the Crédit Agricole offer of €10.50 p.s.



Notes: (1) NPV of tangible equity ex excess capital based on  $\sim$ £1.6-1.7bn tangible equity 2022E post a conservative extra provisioning buffer and 0.45x-0.60x P/TBV; (2) NPV of excess capital 2022E based on  $\sim$ £8.8bn RWAs 2022E,  $\sim$ 19% CET1 ratio FL 2022E, 13.5-14.5% target CET1 ratio FL, 10.5% Ke and net of a conservative extra provisioning buffer; (3) Assumes £0.23 DPS 2020E, £0.60 DPS 2021E and 10.5% Ke; (4) Assumes £75-150m pretax synergies range, 8x multiple and 2.5x costs to achieve.

Sources: Factset (as of 16-Feb-2021), company filings, Petrus Advisers estimates



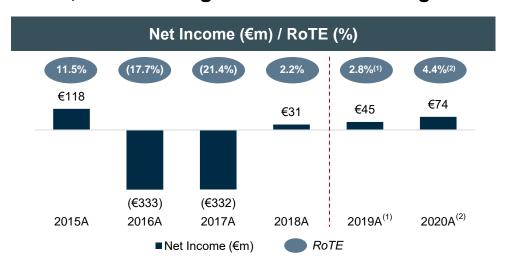
Credito Valtellinese: A Strong Bank On Its Own

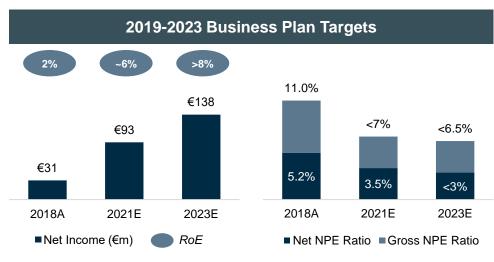
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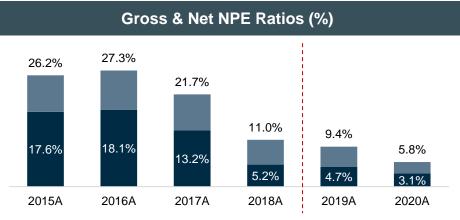
# A New Course Under the Current Management Team...

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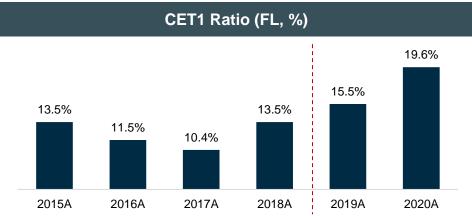
Management has sold NPLs, increased provisioning and cut costs, resulting in a CET1 FL ratio of 19.6%, while setting a clear ~6% RoE target in 2021 and >8% by 2023...







■Gross NPE Ratio



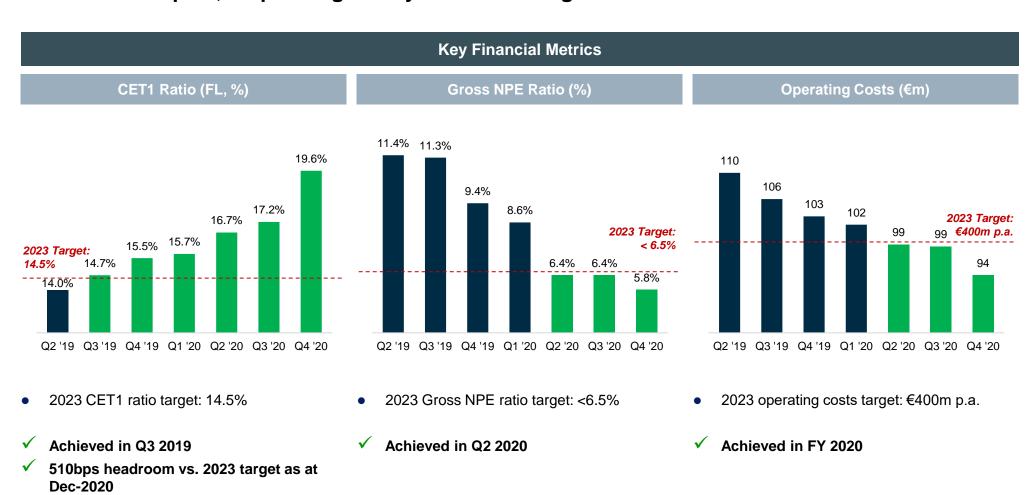
■ Net NPE Ratio

Sources: Company filings. Factset

Notes: (1) Adjusted Net Income / RoTE 2019, as per Factset; (2) Adjusted Net Income / RoTE excluding: (i) net gains on sales of investments and impairment losses on PPE and intangibles, and (ii) net profit on derecognition of assets at amortised cost / other assets at FVTPL.

# ... With Some Targets Already Achieved Well Ahead of Expectations ...

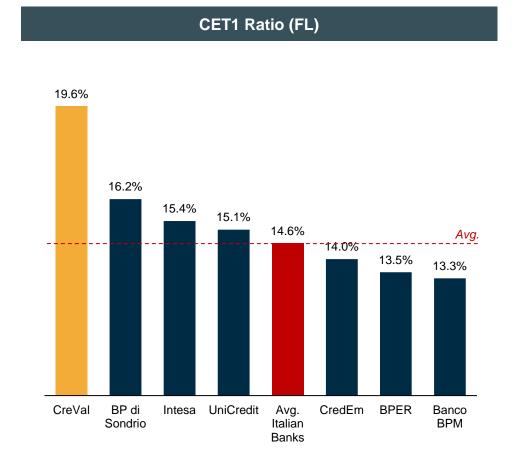
Management has already achieved capital ratios, asset quality and cost targets ahead of the 2019-2023 business plan, responding swiftly to the challenges of the Covid-19 crisis



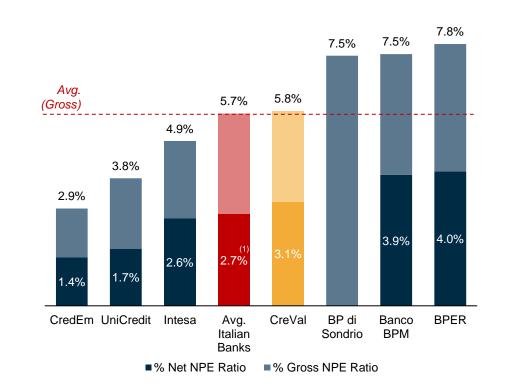
Sources: Company fillings, Factset

# ... And Outstanding Relative Performance

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- The current management team has turned CreVal into a solid bank, now showing the best CET1
  ratio by far among Italian banks and a low NPE exposure
- Its strong capital position and clean balance sheet make CreVal an attractive bank on its own



# % NPE Exposure





**Value Components of Credito Valtellinese** 



# **Tangible Equity Excluding Excess Capital**

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Credito Valtellinese's tangible equity excluding the bank's excess capital is worth ~€7.8-9.7 p.s., conservatively assuming a RoTE 2022E between ~5.0-6.0%, slightly below the Business Plan trajectory

| Tangible Eq  | uity Excl. E   | xcess Ca       | ıpital (€m)    |   |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| (EUR m)  | Bear<br>Case   | Base<br>Case   | Bull<br>Case   | <ul> <li>Key Assumptions</li> </ul>   |
| Tangible Equity 2022E (Adj. for Extra Provisioning)  Implied Tangible Equity 2022E Ex Excess Capital | 1,624<br>1,407 | 1,659<br>1,363 | 1,694<br>1,319 | <ul> <li>Tangible equity 2022E of ~€1.8bn, before: (i)<br/>adjustment for conservative extra provisioning<br/>buffer of €150-250m pre-tax and (ii) implied<br/>excess capital of €217-374m</li> </ul> |
| Target RoTE 2022E  | 5.0%           | 5.5%           | 6.0%           | <ul> <li>RoTE 2022E range of 5.0-6.0%,<br/>conservatively assumed slightly below the<br/>2019-2023 business plan trajectory</li> </ul>  |
| Growth  Ke Estimate  | 0%<br>11.0%    | 10.5%          | 10.0%          | <ul> <li>Justified P/TB based on 10.0-11.0% cost of<br/>equity and 0% growth</li> </ul>   |
| Justified P/TB Fair Value of Tangible Equity 2022E Ex Excess Capital                                 | 0.45x<br>640   | 0.52x<br>714   | 0.60x<br>792   | <ul> <li>NPV based on 10.0-11.0% cost of equity</li> </ul>  |
| Fair Value of Tangible Equity 2022E Ex Excess Capital p.s. (EUR)                                     | 9.1            | 10.2           | 11.3           |   |
| NPV of Tangible Equity Ex Excess Capital   | 551            | 615            | 681            |   |
| NPV of Tangible Equity Ex Excess Capital p.s. (EUR)  | 7.8            | 8.8            | 9.7            |   |

Credito Valtellinese's best-in-class 19.6% CET1 Ratio FL as at Dec-2020 implies significant excess capital. Very conservative assumptions point to at least ~€2.7-4.6 p.s. of value for the excess capital alone, or ~25%-44% of Crédit Agricole's offer

| E  | xcess Cap    | oital (€m)   |              |   |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| (EUR m)  | Bear<br>Case | Base<br>Case | Bull<br>Case | • Key Assumptions   |
| Target CET1 Ratio 2022E (FL, %)                              | 14.50%       | 14.00%       | 13.50%       | <ul> <li>Target CET1 Ratio FL of 13.5-14.5%,</li> <li>conservatively assumed in line with business</li> </ul> |
| RWAs 2022E - Petrus Estimate                                 | 8,791        | 8,791        | 8,791        | plan targets and Crédit Agricole Italia's ratio,<br>and above the targets of other regional banks             |
| CET1 Ratio 2022E (FL, %) - Petrus Estimate                   | 19.0%        | 19.0%        | 19.0%        | Ç Ç   |
| Implied Excess Capital 2022E                                 | 392          | 435          | 479          | <ul> <li>CET1 Ratio FL 2022E of ~19.0% and RWAs</li> <li>2022E of ~€8.8bn, as per Petrus Advisers</li> </ul>  |
| Implied Excess Capital 2022E p.s. (EUR)                      | 5.6          | 6.2          | 6.8          | estimates   |
|  |              |              |              | <ul> <li>Conservative extra provisioning buffer in addition to business plan and consensus</li> </ul>         |
| Extra Provisioning Buffer 2021-22E - Pre-Tax                 | (250)        | (200)        | (150)        | expectations of €150-250m pre-tax   |
| Adj. Excess Capital 2022E Post Extra Provisioning (Post-Tax) | 217          | 295          | 374          | <ul> <li>NPV of excess capital based on 10.5% cost of</li> </ul>  |
| Adj. Excess Capital 2022E Post Extra Provisioning p.s. (EUR) | 3.1          | 4.2          | 5.3          | equity  |
|  |              |              |              |   |
| NPV of Adj. Excess Capital @ 10.5% Ke                        | 186          | 254          | 322          |   |
| NPV of Adj. Excess Capital p.s. (EUR)                        | 2.7          | 3.6          | 4.6          |   |





## 2020-21E Dividends and DTAs

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Incremental value of ~€0.8 p.s. from the NPV of the 2020-21E dividends and ~€1.9 p.s. from ~€180m of off-balance sheet DTAs to be transferred on-balance sheet at a rate of ~€30m p.a. on a standalone basis

# 2020-21E Dividends (€m) (EUR m) 2020E 2021E DPS (EUR) 0.23 0.60 NPV of 2020-21E Dividends @ 10.5% Ke 54 NPV of 2020-21E Dividends p.s. (EUR) 0.77

#### Key Assumptions

- 2020E: €0.23 DPS, as per company-proposed dividend within limits set by regulators
- 2021E: €0.60 DPS, assuming ~60% payout ratio on net income 2021E of ~€70m

| DTAs -                                 | - Standa | lone Val | ue (€m) |       |       |       |
|--|----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Off Balance Sheet DTAs                 | 180      |          |         |       |       |       |
| Ke                                     | 10.5%    |          |         |       |       |       |
| DTAs Transferred On Balance Sheet p.a. | 30       |          |         |       |       |       |
| (EURm)                                 | 2021E    | 2022E    | 2023E   | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E |
| DTAs Transferred On Balance Sheet      | 30       | 30       | 30      | 30    | 30    | 30    |
| NPV of DTAs p.a. / 10.5% Ke            | 135      | -        |         |       |       |       |
| NPV of DTAs p.s. (EUR)                 | 1.9      |          |         |       |       |       |

#### Key Assumptions

• €180m of off-balance sheet DTAs as at Dec-2020, to be reversed onto balance sheet as increased profitability will allow the bank to gradually recognize them at a rate of ~€30m p.a., in line with Credito Valtellinese's latest disclosures

Petrus Advisers' View: Mid-Term Standalone Value of ~€13.2-17.0 p.s

CreVal standalone is worth between ~€13.2-17.0 p.s. with a mid-point at ~€15.1 p.s., well above the €10.50 p.s. offer from Crédit Agricole

#### Mid-Term Standalone Value<sup>(1)</sup> – Summary Valuation (€m) (€ p.s.) **Bear Case Base Case Bull Case Bear Case Base Case Bull Case** Tangible Equity Ex Excess Capital (NPV) 551 615 681 7.8 8.8 9.7 Excess Capital (NPV) 186 254 322 2.7 3.6 4.6 2020-21E Dividends (NPV) 54 54 8.0 8.0 54 8.0 DTAs Standalone Value (NPV) 135 135 135 1.9 1.9 1.9 **Medium Term Standalone Fair Value** 927 1,059 1,193 13.2 15.1 17.0

- Synergies: Worth ~€2-4 p.s. and Up to ~40% of the Offer Price
- Crédit Agricole Italia's CEO initially suggested around ~€150m of synergies<sup>(1)</sup>, while brokers estimate approximately ~€100m on average
- Our Base Case is conservatively aligned to broker estimates and points to an NPV of ~€190m or ~€2.7 p.s., assuming a 50% allocation to Credito Valtellinese's shareholders

|   | Illustrative Sy | nergies Val   | uation (€m)   |   |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---|
|   | A               | В             | C             | A Bear Case   |
| <u>(€m)</u>   | Bear Case       | Base Case     | Bull Case     | <ul> <li>Low-end assumed 25% below the average of</li> </ul>                  |
| Estimated Run-Rate Synergies                                    | 75              | 100           | 150           | synergies estimated by brokers, resulting in                                  |
| % of CreVal Opex 2020A  | 19%             | 25%           | 38%           | ~€75m of synergies p.a. pre tax / ~19% of                                     |
| Run-Rate Synergies Post Tax                                     | 53              | 70            | 105           | OpEx 2020A  |
| x Multiple  | 8.0x            | 8.0x          | 8.0x          |   |
| FV of RR Synergies Post Tax                                     | 420             | 560           | 840           | B Mid Point / Base Case   |
| 1. FV of RR Synergies Post Tax p.s. (EUR)                       | 6.0             | 8.0           | 12.0          | <ul> <li>Mid-point in line with the average of broker</li> </ul>              |
| Costs to Achieve vs. Pre-Tax Synergies Costs to Achieve Pre-Tax | 2.5x<br>(188)   | 2.5x<br>(250) | 2.5x<br>(375) | estimates, resulting in ~€100m of synergies p.a. pre tax / ~25% of OpEx 2020A |
| 2. Costs to Achieve Post-Tax                                    | (131)           | (175)         | (263)         | <b>G</b> Bull Case  |
| 2. Costs to Achieve Post Tax p.s. (EUR)                         | (1.9)           | (2.5)         | (3.7)         | Buil Case   |
|   |                 |               |               | <ul> <li>In line with synergies initially indicated by Crédit</li> </ul>      |
| 1 + 2 = FV of Net Synergies                                     | 289             | 385           | 578           | Agricole Italia's CEO at ~€150m p.a. pre-tax, as                              |
| 1 + 2 = FV of Net Synergies p.s. (EUR)                          | 4.1             | 5.5           | 8.2           | per Reuters article <sup>(1)</sup>  |
| % Allocation to CreVal Shareholders                             | 50%             | 50%           | 50%           |   |
| FV of Net Synergies to CreVal Shareholders                      | 144             | 193           | 289           |   |
| FV of Net Synergies to CreVal Shareholders p.s. (EUR)           | 2.1             | 2.7           | 4.1           |   |

# Negative Goodwill: A "Magic Shield" Against Weak Macro and Covid-19

The acquisition of CreVal would generate close to ~€1bn in badwill<sup>(1)</sup>, allowing Crédit Agricole to mitigate the execution risks in an M&A scenario by covering integration costs, accelerating derisking and contributing to offset the end of the *moratoria* 

#### **Background on Negative Goodwill**

- In 2020, the ECB published draft guidance clarifying the takeover rules within the current regulatory framework to boost M&A among banks, including:
  - Recognition of the accounting value of badwill generated by the transaction
  - Recognition subject to the priority use of badwill to increase the sustainability of the new business model (e.g. provisioning for NPLs, covering of integration costs or other investments)
  - No distribution of profits from badwill to the shareholders until the sustainability of business model is reached
- Crédit Agricole's CFO on the acquisition of Credito Valtellinese<sup>(2)</sup>: "We are going to use part of this badwill to cover even more some risks that are in the balance sheet of Credito Valtellinese. We are going to use also part of the badwill to finance the cost of integration, of course, as is normally the case. And the remaining part can be used in terms of solvency"
- Intesa Sanpolo's CEO on negative goodwill<sup>(3)</sup>: "We can call [it a] magic shield in order to be sure to avoid any kind of negative deriving from macroeconomic conditions"

Notes: (1) Based on Crédit Agricole's proposed €10.50 offer price; (2) Extract from Crédit Agricole's call with analysts on the acquisition of Credito Valtellinese (23-Nov-2020); (3) Extract from Intesa Sanpaolo Q3 2020 results call with analysts (4-Nov-2020).

### Italian Banks Have Rallied Since the Offer Announcement



The recent compression of government bond yields and a more favourable macro backdrop are pushing Italian banks higher: CreVal would trade ~13% above the undisturbed share price and close to ~€10 p.s., assuming a share price performance in line with peers



Notes: ITA Banking Index includes BPER Banca, Banco BPM, Banca Popolare di Sondrio, Credito Emiliano, UniCredit, Intesa Sanpaolo. Source: Factset (as of 16-Feb-2021)

17



# **Appendix**

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- Off-balance sheet DTAs could be gradually released by CreVal on a standalone basis at a rate of
   ~€30m p.a., resulting in ~€1.9 p.s. of incremental standalone value (NPV)
- While the value of CreVal's off-balance sheet DTAs was not included in Crédit Agricole's offer, Italy's 2021 budget law allows their conversion into tax credits in an M&A scenario: worth ~€2.10 p.s. or ~20% of the offer price, excluding any benefits from Crédit Agricole Italia's DTAs

#### Off-Balance Sheet DTAs - Standalone Value (€m)

| Off Balance Sheet DTAs                 | 180   |
|--|-------|
| Ke                                     | 10.5% |
| DTAs Transferred On Balance Sheet p.a. | 30    |
| NPV of DTAs @ 10.5% Ke                 | 135   |
| NPV of DTAs p.s. (EUR)                 | 1.9   |

#### Off-Balance Sheet DTAs - M&A Value (€m)

|                                     | Q4 2020 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Total Gross Off Balance Sheet DTAs  | 180     |
| Net Commission (Post-Tax)           | 17.5%   |
| Net DTAs Post Commission            | 149     |
| Net DTAs Post Commission p.s. (EUR) | 2.1     |
| As % of Offer Price                 | 20%     |

#### **Background on New DTAs Conversion Scheme**

- A new tax scheme included in Italy's 2021 budget law allows two companies merging in 2021 to convert deferred tax assets (DTAs) into ready-to-use tax credits
  - In an M&A scenario, banks can transform tax losses carried forward (on-and-off balance sheet) into fiscal credits that would be accounted for as capital
  - Mediobanca defined the DTA scheme as a "game changer" for domestic consolidation<sup>(1)</sup>
- Crédit Agricole's offer was announced before the 2021 budget law approval
- CreVal had ~€180m of off-balance sheet DTAs as at Dec-2020
- Our analysis ignores the value of Crédit Agricole Italia's DTAs: these would bring the combined DTAs value to ~€350m, with a fair share to be allocated to Credito Valtellinese's shareholders
- More importantly, Credito Valtellinese's off-balance sheet DTAs are also valuable on a standalone basis, as increased profitability would allow the bank to gradually recognize them on-balance sheet at a rate of ~€30m p.a.

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